

Year 5 Programme of Study – ‘Term per page overview’ 2016-2017

Term	National Curriculum requirements	
Autumn	Unit 1 Reasoning with large whole numbers (2 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit • count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 • round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 • solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above • interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero • read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals
	Unit 2 Problem solving with integer addition and subtraction (2 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers • add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) • use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy • solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
	Unit 3 Factors and prime numbers (1 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers • recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (²) and cubed (³) • know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers • establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
	Unit 4 Multiplication and division (2 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts • multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 • solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes • multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers • divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context • solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
	Unit 5 Converting units – weight, length (perimeter) and time (1 week)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres • convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) • multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 • understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints • solve problems involving converting between units of time
	Unit 6 Volume and area (2 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of non-rectilinear shapes • estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]

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Spring	Unit 7 Fractions and decimals (3 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places • compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number • recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents • recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$] • identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths • read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$] • round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place • solve problems involving number up to three decimal places • use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (for example length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation, including scaling • multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
	Unit 8 Angles (2 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles • draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ($^{\circ}$) • identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°); angles at a point on a straight line and $\frac{1}{2}$ a turn (total 180°); other multiples of 90°
	Unit 9 Fractions, decimals and percentages (3 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to ‘number of parts per hundred’, and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal • add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number” • multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams • solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates • solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those percentages that are multiples of 10 and 25. • solve problems involving number up to three decimal places • use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (for example length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation, including scaling • multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
	Unit 10 Line graphs and timetables (2 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph • complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables • solve problems involving converting between units of time

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Summer	Unit 11 Transformations (2 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) (Y6)
	Unit 12 Calculating with whole numbers and decimals (3 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> consolidation and application opportunities
	Unit 13 Angles, 2-D and 3-D shape (2 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ($^{\circ}$) identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°); angles at a point on a straight line and $\frac{1}{2}$ a turn (total 180°); other multiples of 90° distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets (Y6) illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that diameter is twice the radius. (Y6)
	Unit 14 Calculating with whole numbers and decimals (3 weeks)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> consolidation and application opportunities solve problems involving the calculation of percentages (Y6) calculate and interpret the mean as an average (Y6) use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination (Y6) associate a fraction with division (Y6)